

Standpoint Multi-Asset Fund

Summary Prospectus February 28, 2022

STANDPOINT

Before You Invest

Before you invest, you may want to review the Fund's prospectus, which contains more information about the Fund and its risks. You can find the Fund's prospectus and other information about the Fund, including its statement of additional information (SAI) and most recent reports to shareholders, online at www.standpointfunds.com or at <https://funddocs.filepoint/standpoint/>. You can also get this information at no cost by calling (866) 738-1128 or by sending an e-mail request to Fulfillment@ultimusfundsolutions.com. This Summary Prospectus incorporates by reference the Fund's entire prospectus and SAI, each dated February 28, 2022.

Investment Objective

The Standpoint Multi-Asset Fund (the "Fund") seeks positive absolute returns.

Fees and Expenses of the Fund

This table describes the fees and expenses that you may pay if you buy, hold, and sell shares of the Fund. You may pay other fees, such as brokerage commissions and other fees to financial intermediaries, which are not reflected in the table and examples below.

Annual Fund Operating Expenses (expenses that you pay each year as a percentage of the value of your investment)

| | Institutional Class | Investor Class |
|---|----------------------------|-----------------------|
| Management Fees | 1.24% | 1.24% |
| Distribution (12b-1) Fees | NONE | 0.25% |
| Other Expenses ¹ | 0.67% | 0.67% |
| Acquired Fund Fees and Expenses ² | <u>0.03%</u> | <u>0.03%</u> |
| Total Annual Fund Operating Expenses | 1.94% | 2.19% |
| Fee Waiver and/or Expense Reimbursement ³ | <u>(0.67)%</u> | <u>(0.67)%</u> |
| Total Annual Fund Operating Expenses (After Fee Waiver and/or Expense Reimbursement)⁴ | <u>1.27%</u> | <u>1.52%</u> |

¹ The expenses of the Fund's wholly-owned subsidiary are consolidated with those of the Fund and are not presented as a separate expense.

² Acquired Fund Fees and Expenses ("AFFE") are fees and expenses incurred by the Fund in connection with its investments in other investment companies.

- ³ The Fund's adviser contractually has agreed to waive its management fee and/or reimburse expenses so that total annual Fund operating expenses, excluding portfolio transaction and other investment-related costs (including brokerage fees and commissions); taxes; borrowing costs (such as interest and dividend expenses on securities sold short); acquired fund fees and expenses; fees and expenses associated with investments in other collective investment vehicles or derivative instruments (including for example option and swap fees and expenses); any amounts payable pursuant to a distribution or service plan adopted in accordance with Rule 12b-1 under the Investment Company Act of 1940; any administrative and/or shareholder servicing fees payable pursuant to a plan adopted by the Board of Trustees; expenses incurred in connection with any merger or reorganization; extraordinary expenses (such as litigation expenses, indemnification of Trust officers and Trustees and contractual indemnification of Fund service providers); and other expenses that the Trustees agree have not been incurred in the ordinary course of the Fund's business, do not exceed 1.24% for each class of shares through February 28, 2023. This expense cap may not be terminated prior to this date except by the Board of Trustees. Each waiver/expense payment by the adviser is subject to recoupment by the adviser from the Fund in the three years following the date the particular waiver/expense payment occurred, but only if such recoupment can be achieved without exceeding the annual expense limitation in effect at the time of the waiver/expense payment and any expense limitation in effect at the time of the recoupment.

- ⁴ Total Annual Fund Operating Expenses do not correlate to the ratio of net expenses to average net assets found in the "Financial Highlights" section of this prospectus because the Fund's financial highlights do not include AFFE.

Expense Example:

This Example is intended to help you compare the cost of investing in the Fund with the cost of investing in other mutual funds. The Example assumes that you invest \$10,000 in the Fund for the time periods indicated and then redeem all of your shares at the end of those periods. The Example also assumes that your investment has a 5% return each year, the Fund's operating expenses remain the same, and the expense reduction/reimbursement described above remains in place for the contractual period only. Although your actual costs may be higher or lower, based on these assumptions your costs would be:

| | 1 year | 3 years | 5 years | 10 years |
|---------------------|---------------|----------------|----------------|-----------------|
| Institutional Class | \$129 | \$544 | \$985 | \$2,210 |
| Investor Class | \$155 | \$621 | \$1,113 | \$2,471 |

Portfolio Turnover

The Fund pays transaction costs, such as commissions, when it buys and sells securities (or "turns over" its portfolio). A higher portfolio turnover rate may indicate higher transaction costs and may result in higher taxes when Fund shares are held in a taxable account. These costs, which are not reflected in annual operating expenses or in the Example above, affect the Fund's performance. During the most recent fiscal year, the Fund's portfolio turnover rate was 0% of the average value of its portfolio.

Principal Investment Strategies

Standpoint Asset Management, LLC, the Fund's investment adviser (the "Adviser"), seeks to achieve a positive absolute return in all market conditions and will not manage the Fund to outperform a specific benchmark. The Adviser pursues these returns by allocating the Fund's assets using an "All-Weather" strategy.

All Weather Strategy: The All-Weather strategy is an asset allocation methodology that diversifies across geographic regions, asset classes, and investment styles. The strategy holds long positions in equity ETFs such that exposures resemble those of a global market-cap weighted index of developed markets, such as the U.S., U.K., Germany, Japan, and Singapore. The Adviser typically selects broad-based regional equity ETFs that the Adviser believes will produce positive absolute returns. The strategy also invests in exchange traded futures contracts from seven sectors: equity indexes, currencies, interest rates, metals, grains, soft commodities, and energies. The contracts are positioned either long or short. The Fund not only may invest in this strategy directly, but may also invest indirectly through its Subsidiary (as described below).

The strategy is designed to participate in medium-term and long-term trends in global futures markets and to produce a reasonable return premium in exchange for assuming risk. The Adviser identifies global futures contracts to be considered for the Fund's portfolio on a daily basis through analysis of futures prices, volume, open interest, and term structure data. The strategy emphasizes durability, scalability and diversification across sectors and countries.

Futures contracts are typically exchange traded contracts that call for the future delivery of an asset at a certain price and date, or cash settlement of the terms of the contract. Generally, a "long" position in a futures contract is expected to provide a positive return if the price of the underlying instrument or reference obligation increases and a negative return if the price of the underlying instrument or reference obligation decreases. Conversely, a "short" position in a futures contract is expected to provide a positive return when the price of the underlying instrument or reference obligation decreases and a negative return if the price of the underlying instrument or reference obligation increases. If the Fund holds both long and short futures positions in the same underlying instrument or reference obligation, the Fund may experience an overall loss with respect to its investments in that instrument or obligation if losses on one position (long or short) exceed the gains on the other position (long or short).

The Fund will be required to use a portion of its assets as margin for the Fund's futures positions. Assets of the Fund not invested in ETFs or futures contracts (or used as margin) will generally be invested in liquid instruments, such as cash, money market instruments, and U.S. government securities including U.S. treasury bills or notes. The Fund may hold liquid instruments during periods when the Fund is already invested in ETFs and futures positions to the extent dictated by its investment strategy, when the Fund is not invested in futures positions, or as needed to comply with current SEC guidance relating to asset coverage for derivatives investments held by investment companies. As a result, a substantial portion of the Fund's portfolio may be invested in instruments other than ETFs or futures contracts.

The Fund may invest up to 25% of its total assets (measured at the time of purchase) in a wholly-owned and controlled Cayman Islands subsidiary (the "Subsidiary"). The Subsidiary is advised by the Adviser, and has the same investment objective as the Fund. Unlike the Fund, however, the Subsidiary may invest to a greater extent in commodity-linked derivative instruments. The Subsidiary's investments in such instruments are subject to limits on leverage imposed by the Investment Company Act of 1940 (the "1940 Act"), when viewed on a consolidated basis with the Fund. Additionally, the Subsidiary, when viewed on a consolidated basis with the Fund, complies with 1940 Act Sections 8 and 18 (regarding investment policies, capital structure and leverage), Section 15 (regarding investment advisory contracts) and Section 17 (regarding affiliated transactions and custody). The Fund's investment in the Subsidiary is expected to provide the Fund with an effective means of obtaining exposure to the investment returns of global commodities markets within the limitations of the federal tax requirements of Subchapter M of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended (the "Code"). The Fund and the Subsidiary are "commodity pools" under the U.S. Commodity Exchange Act, and the Adviser is a "commodity pool operator" registered with and regulated by the Commodity Futures Trading Commission ("CFTC"). As a result, additional CFTC-mandated disclosure, reporting and recordkeeping obligations apply with respect to the Fund and the Subsidiary.

Principal Risks

All investments involve risks, and the Fund cannot guarantee that it will achieve its investment objective. An investment in the Fund is not insured or guaranteed by any government agency. As with any mutual fund investment, the Fund's returns and share price will fluctuate, and you may lose money by investing in the Fund.

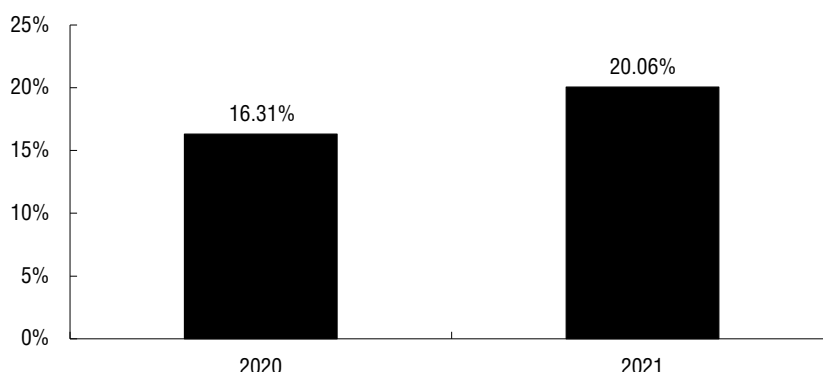
- **Market and Geopolitical Risk.** Market risk includes the possibility that the Fund's investments will decline in value because of a downturn in the stock market, reducing the value of individual companies' stocks regardless of the success or failure of an individual company's operations. The value of your investment in the Fund is based on the market prices of the securities the Fund holds. These prices change daily due to economic and other events that affect markets generally, as well as those that affect particular regions, countries, industries, companies or governments. The increasing interconnectivity between global economies and financial markets increases the likelihood that events or conditions in one region or financial market may adversely impact issuers in a different country, region or financial market. Securities in the Fund's portfolio may underperform due to inflation (or expectations for inflation), interest rates, global demand for particular products or resources, natural disasters, climate change and climate related events, pandemics, epidemics, terrorism, regulatory events and governmental or quasi-governmental actions. The occurrence of global events similar to those in recent years, such as terrorist attacks around the world, natural disasters, social and political discord or debt crises and downgrades, among others, may result in market volatility and may have long term effects on both the U.S. and global financial markets. There is a risk that you may lose money by investing in the Fund.
- **COVID-19 Risk.** An outbreak of infectious respiratory illness caused by the novel coronavirus known as COVID-19 was first detected in China in December 2019 before spreading worldwide and being declared a global pandemic by the World Health Organization in March 2020. COVID-19 has resulted in travel restrictions, closed international borders, enhanced health screenings, disruption and delays in healthcare services, prolonged quarantines, cancellations, temporary store closures, social distancing, government ordered curfews and business closures, disruptions to supply chains and consumer activity, shortages, highly volatile financial markets, and general concern and uncertainty that may continue as restrictions are lifted or reinstated.
- **Management Risk.** The Fund is actively-managed and is thus subject to management risk. The Adviser will apply its investment techniques and strategies in making investment decisions for the Fund, but there is no guarantee that its techniques will produce the intended results.
- **Other Investment Company Securities Risk.** Investing in underlying investment companies, including money market funds and ETFs, exposes the Fund to the investment performance (positive or negative) and risks of the investment companies. ETFs are subject to additional risks, including the risk that an ETF's shares may trade at a market price that is above or below its NAV. The Fund will indirectly bear a portion of the fees and expenses of the underlying funds in which it invests, which are in addition to the Fund's own direct fees and expenses.
- **Futures Contract Risk.** The successful use of futures contracts draws upon the Adviser's skill and experience with respect to such instruments and are subject to special risk considerations. The primary risks associated with the use of futures contracts are (a) the imperfect correlation between the change in market value of the instruments held by the Fund and the price of the forward or futures contract; (b) possible lack of a liquid secondary market for a forward or futures contract and the resulting inability to close a forward or futures contract when desired; (c) losses caused by unanticipated market movements, which are potentially unlimited; (d) the Adviser's inability to predict correctly the direction of securities prices, interest rates, currency exchange rates and other economic factors; (e) the possibility that the counterparty will default in the performance of its obligations; and (f) if the Fund has insufficient cash, it may have to sell securities from its portfolio to meet daily variation margin requirements, and the Fund may have to sell securities at a time when it may be disadvantageous to do so.
- **Wholly Owned Subsidiary Risk.** The Subsidiary will not be registered under the 1940 Act and, unless otherwise noted in this prospectus, will not be subject to all of the investor protections of the 1940 Act. Changes in the laws of the United States and/or the Cayman Islands, under which the Fund and the Subsidiary, respectively, are organized, could result in the inability of the Fund and/or Subsidiary to operate as described in this prospectus and could negatively affect the Fund and its shareholders. Your cost of investing in the Fund will be higher because you indirectly bear the expenses of the Subsidiary.

- **Derivatives Risk.** Even a small investment in derivatives (which include futures) may give rise to leverage risk (which can increase volatility and magnify the Fund's potential for loss), and can have a significant impact on the Fund's performance. Derivatives are also subject to credit risk and liquidity risk. Credit risk is the risk that the counterparty may default. Liquidity risk is the risk that the Fund may not be able to sell the security or otherwise exit the contract in a timely manner, which may be because an exchange or the CFTC, which regulates commodity futures exchanges, suspends trading in a particular contract, orders immediate settlement of a contract or orders that trading be limited to the liquidation of open positions only.
- **Leverage Risk.** Using futures to increase the Fund's combined long and short exposure creates leverage, which can magnify the Fund's potential for gain or loss and, therefore, amplify the effects of market volatility on the Fund's share price.
- **Short Position Risk.** The Fund will incur a loss as a result of a short position if the price of the short position instrument increases in value between the date of the short position sale and the date on which an offsetting position is purchased. Short positions may be considered speculative transactions and involve special risks, including greater reliance on the Adviser's ability to accurately anticipate the future value of a security or instrument. The Fund's losses are potentially unlimited in a short position transaction.
- **Foreign Investment Risk.** Foreign investing involves risks not typically associated with U.S. investments, including adverse fluctuations in foreign currency values, adverse political, social and economic developments, less liquidity, greater volatility, less developed or less efficient trading markets, political instability and differing auditing and legal standards. Investing in emerging markets imposes risks different from, or greater than, risks of investing in foreign developed countries.
- **Foreign Exchanges Risk.** A portion of the Fund's trades may take place on foreign markets. Neither existing CFTC regulations nor regulations of any other U.S. governmental agency apply to transactions on foreign markets.
- **Commodity Risk.** Investing in the commodities markets may subject the Fund to greater volatility than investments in traditional securities. Commodity prices may be influenced by unfavorable weather, animal and plant disease, geologic and environmental factors as well as changes in government regulation such as tariffs, embargoes or burdensome production rules and restrictions.
- **Government Securities Risk.** It is possible that the U.S. Government would not provide financial support to its agencies or instrumentalities if it is not required to do so by law. If a U.S. Government agency or instrumentality in which the Fund invests defaults, and the U.S. Government does not stand behind the obligation, the Fund's share price or yield could fall. Securities of certain U.S. Government sponsored entities, such as Freddie Mac or Fannie Mae, are neither issued nor guaranteed by the U.S. Government.
- **Sector Concentration Risk.** The Fund may focus its investments in securities of a particular sector. Economic, legislative or regulatory developments may occur that significantly affect the sector. This may cause the Fund's net asset value to fluctuate more than that of a fund that does not focus in a particular sector.
- **Issuer Cybersecurity Risks.** Issuers of securities in which the Fund invests, counterparties with which Fund engages in transactions, exchange and other financial market operators, banks, brokers, dealers and other financial institutions may experience cybersecurity breaches. These breaches may result in harmful disruptions to operations and may negatively impact the financial condition of an issuer or market participant. The Fund and its shareholders could be negatively impacted as a result.

Performance

The bar chart below shows how the Fund's investment results have varied from year to year as represented by the performance of Institutional Class shares. Returns for Investor Class shares, which are not presented, would be different than the returns for Institutional Class shares. The table below shows how the Fund's average annual total returns compare over time to those of a blend of two broad-based securities market indices and a secondary blend of indices. This information provides some indication of the risks of investing in the Fund. Past performance is not necessarily an indication of how the Fund will perform in the future.

Institutional Class Annual Total Return (year ended December 31st)



Highest/Lowest quarterly results during this time period were:

Highest Quarter: Fourth Quarter 2020 11.41%

Lowest Quarter: First Quarter 2020 (2.80)%

Average Annual Total Returns (for periods ended 12/31/2021)

| | One Year | Since Inception (12/30/2019) |
|--|----------|---------------------------------|
| Standpoint Multi-Asset Fund – Institutional Class | | |
| Before Taxes | 20.06% | 18.15% |
| After Taxes on Distributions | 17.45% | 16.61% |
| After Taxes on Distributions and Sale of Fund Shares | 12.10% | 13.49% |
| Standpoint Multi-Asset Fund – Investor Class | | |
| Before Taxes | 19.71% | 17.85% |
| 50% MSCI World Index⁽¹⁾⁽⁴⁾ & 50% ICE BofAML 3-Month U.S. Treasury Bill Index⁽²⁾⁽⁴⁾ (reflects no deduction for fees, expenses, or U.S. taxes) | 11.20% | 9.80% |
| 50% MSCI World Index⁽¹⁾⁽⁴⁾ & 50% SG Trend Index⁽³⁾⁽⁴⁾ (reflects no deduction for fees, expenses, or U.S. taxes) | 15.80% | 13.22% |

(1) The MSCI World Index is a widely followed, unmanaged group of large and mid-cap stocks from 23 developed markets countries. The index has over 1,500 constituents and covers approximately 85% of the free float-adjusted market capitalization in each country. The index is reviewed quarterly and rebalanced semi-annually. The large and mid-capitalization cutoff points are recalculated semi-annually.

(2) The ICE BofAML 3-Month U.S. Treasury Bill Index is an unmanaged market index of U.S. Treasury securities maturing in 90 days.

(3) The SG Trend Index is designed to track the 10 largest (by assets under management) trend following commodity trading advisers and to be representative of the trend followers in the managed futures space. The SG Trend Index is equally weighted and rebalanced and reconstituted annually.

(4) Index returns do not reflect the deduction of expenses, which have been deducted from the Fund's returns. Index returns assume reinvestment of all distributions and do not reflect the deduction of taxes and fees. An individual cannot invest directly in an index.

After-tax returns are calculated using the historical highest individual federal marginal income tax rates and do not reflect the impact of state and local taxes. Actual after-tax returns depend on an investor's tax situation and may differ from those shown. After-tax returns shown are not relevant to investors who hold their Fund shares through tax-deferred arrangements, such as 401(k) plans or individual retirement accounts ("IRAs"). After-tax returns are shown for the Institutional Class only and will vary for the Investor Class. The returns of the indices presented above assume reinvestment of all distributions and exclude the effect of taxes and fees (if expenses and taxes were deducted, the actual returns of the indices would be lower).

Current performance of the Fund may be lower or higher than the performance quoted above. Performance data current to the most recent month end may be obtained by calling toll-free (866) 738-1128.

Portfolio Management

Investment Adviser

Standpoint Asset Management, LLC

Portfolio Manager

- Eric Crittenden, Chief Investment Officer & Portfolio Manager of the Adviser, has been a portfolio manager of the Fund since its inception in December 2019.
- Shawn Serikov, Chief Technology Officer & Portfolio Manager of the Adviser, has been a portfolio manager of the Fund since its inception in December 2019.

Purchase and Sale of Fund Shares

Minimum Initial Investment

Institutional Class \$25,000

Investor Class \$2,500

To Place Buy or Sell Orders

By Mail: Standpoint Multi-Asset Fund
c/o: Ultimus Fund Solutions, LLC
P.O. Box 46707
Cincinnati, Ohio 45246-0707

Minimum Additional Investment

NONE

By Phone: (866) 738-1128

You may sell or redeem shares through your dealer or financial adviser. Please contact your financial intermediary directly to find out if additional requirements apply.

Tax Information

The Fund's distributions are taxable and will be taxed as ordinary income or capital gains, unless you are investing through a tax-deferred account, such as a 401(k) plan, individual retirement account (IRA) or 529 college savings plan. Tax-deferred arrangements may be taxed later upon withdrawal of monies from those accounts.

Payments to Broker-Dealers and Other Financial Intermediaries

If you purchase Fund shares through a broker-dealer or other financial intermediary (such as a bank or trust company), the Fund and its related companies may pay the intermediary for the sale of Fund shares and related services. These payments may create conflicts of interest by influencing the broker-dealer or other intermediary and your salesperson to recommend the Fund over another investment. Ask your salesperson or visit your financial intermediary's website for more information.